E-TUTORIAL
COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION

By
India Learning Network
1. Community mobilization incorporates values and principles that empower

a) The community members to develop and implement their own solutions to health and other challenges.
b) The NGO staff to develop and implement solutions to the health and other challenges of the community.
c) Both of the above
d) None of the above
2. Which of the following stanzas are true:

a) Communities have a central role to play in the process of any development program, including HIV/AIDS and health.

b) Community mobilization can act as a stand alone strategy to achieve high quality and sustainable programming on a large scale.

c) Participation is the essential element of community mobilization.

d) The more the community participation, more is the community ownership.
3. Community mobilization as an indispensable strategy in a program has three major benefits which are
(tick any three):

a) To raise awareness and foster commitment
b) To develop project infrastructure
c) To address the underlying causes of inequitable access and care
d) To strengthen community capacity
4. A community mobilization initiative in a HIV/AIDS program can be considered a success when these two things are accomplished (tick any two):

a) When a community has 25% of its members as responsible members of collectives.

b) When a community achieves its goal of reducing new HIV infections and ensures treatment, care and support to those infected.

c) When the immediate issues of the community are addressed by the individuals on their own with no support from either the NGO or the community collective.

d) When a community strengthens its capacity to identify and address its needs including and beyond HIV and AIDS.
5. Expected outcome of community mobilization include:

a) Formation of Community Based Organizations (CBOS) and networks
b) Community empowerment
c) Creation of an enabling environment that allows them to access services
d) All of the above
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POST-TEST QUESTIONNAIRE
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1. Meaning
Community Mobilization is

a) A capacity building process through which the NGO staff carry out and evaluate activities to reduce the HIV prevalence, ensure access to HIV related services and improve other conditions.

b) A capacity building process through which community members, groups or organizations plan, carry out and evaluate activities on a participatory and sustained basis to reduce the HIV prevalence, ensure access to HIV related services and improve other conditions.

c) Both of the above

d) None of the above
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2. Indicator:
A community mobilization initiative in a HIV/AIDS program can be considered a success when these two things are accomplished (tick any two):

a) When a community has 25% of its members as responsible members of collectives.

b) When a community achieves its goal of reducing new HIV infections and ensures treatment, care and support to those infected.

c) When the immediate issues of the community are addressed by the individuals on their own with no support from either the NGO or the community collective.

d) When a community strengthens its capacity to identify and address its needs including and beyond HIV and AIDS.
3. Benefit

Community mobilization as an indispensable strategy in a program has three major benefits which are (tick any three):

a) To raise awareness and foster commitment
b) To develop project infrastructure
c) To address the underlying causes of inequitable access and care
d) To strengthen community capacity
4. Expected outcome

Community mobilization in the context of reducing HIV risk and vulnerability among communities of high risk groups aims to result in

a) Formation of strong community based organizations (CBOs) and networks
b) Community empowerment that leads community to challenge power structures
c) An enabling environment that allows them to access HIV related services
d) All of the above
5. Project *Sankalp* in Karnataka state in India, funded by the India AIDS Initiative “Avahan” of Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation used community mobilization as a key strategy to bring about ownership among the communities of:

a) Female Sex Workers  
b) Men who have Sex with Men  
c) Transgender  
d) All of the above